



MICRONUTRIENTS MAY REDUCE THE LIVER DAMAGE CAUSED BY OVER-THE-COUNTER PAINKILLERS



Acetaminophen (Tylenol® or Paracetamol) is the most commonly used painkiller and fever reducing medicine and is easily available over-the-counter. Many people use this drug as if it were candy, without being aware of its likelihood for causing serious, sometimes deadly, consequences when taken in excess. Moreover, acetaminophen is present in small doses in nearly 600 other over-the-counter products in small doses, such as cough and cold drugs, sleep medicines, and in prescription painkillers. Easy access and an abundant presence makes acetaminophen the most common culprit for accidental and potentially life-threatening overdose. Although Acetaminophen is safer than ibuprofen (Motrin®) and aspirin, it has a very narrow safety margin and even a small dosage error can cause serious damage to the liver. Accidental acetaminophen poisoning is the cause of 78,000 emergency room visits per year and is the most common cause of liver failure requiring liver transplants in the United States.

The toxicity of acetaminophen is not from the drug itself, but from one of its metabolites produced in the liver. This metabolic product of acetaminophen combines with glutathione and other powerful antioxidants and depletes the body's antioxidant pool. Such depletion exposes the body to free radical damage increasing the risk of many other adverse effects associated with acetaminophen. N-acetyl-cysteine, a glutathione precursor is the most common antidote given in cases of acetaminophen poisoning.

Acetaminophen is known to induce similar liver and kidney damaging effects in animals. Therefore, we studied the effect of a specific nutrient mixture containing vitamin C, lysine, proline, N-acetyl-cysteine, and others in a group of mice¹. The mice were divided in groups receiving either a regular diet or the micronutrient fortified diet. Two weeks later, both the groups were given a very high dose of acetaminophen. The mice receiving the micronutrient mixture in their diet showed more than 80% reduction in the liver damage caused by acetaminophen compared to the control group.

The results were measured by the liver function tests (AST, ALT, and alkaline Phosphatase). Similarly, the kidney damage was also reduced by 38% and the BUN/creatinine ratio was decreased by 32% in the micronutrient supplemented group.

Acetaminophen induced acute liver failure is the largest cause of liver failure deaths. In January 2014, the FDA recommended that pharmaceutical companies should limit acetaminophen in combination prescription painkillers to 325 mg per dose; and physicians should avoid prescribing any such formulation that exceeds that amount. In May 2014, the FDA issued another reminder for pharmacists to stop dispensing the prescriptions for the high dose acetaminophen combination because the products are not considered safe. However, no such mandate was issued for over-the-counter drugs and tablets containing 500mg of acetaminophen per dose, which are easily available. With more than 150 deaths every year occurring due to accidental acetaminophen poisoning, the FDA now refers to acetaminophen toxicity as an important public health problem. Our studies prove that continuous supplementation of these specific micronutrients can very effectively protect the body from serious liver damage caused by acetaminophen.

MW Roomi, et al., Human & Experimental Toxicology 2008, 27: 223-230

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The ground-breaking nature of this research poses a threat to the multi-billion dollar pharmaceutical "business with disease". It is no surprise that over the years the drug lobby has attacked Dr. Rath and his research team in an attempt to silence this message. To no avail. During this battle, Dr. Rath has become an internationally renowned advocate for natural health. Says he: "Never in the history of medicine have researchers been so ferociously attacked for their discoveries. It reminds us that health is not given to us voluntarily, but we need to fight for it."

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